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MODERN CHESS DEFENSE

Learn to Defend and Strike Back with Venom



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FOREWORD

The book about defense is created as an endeavor to help players who struggle with issues that are rarely written about. Namely:

How to organize a proper defense?

How to perry opponent's threats and thwart his plans?

How to create a strong counter-attack?

After a careful study of interesting and instructive examples we decided to divide the material into several logical chapters:

- Good Defense. Learn and draw conclusions about how the best play-1 ers think when solving the problems of defense in practical play.
- Poor Defense. Examples of incorrect defense can be found at practi-2. cally all levels. We believe these examples show exactly how demanding defense is
- 3. The King. Modern ways of king evacuation, or keeping the king in the center. Also, we explain how the king "thinks" and takes care of himself in dangerous situations.
- Critical moments in the game. Games and game fragments that tackle with the moments when the fate of the game is decided and how the best players react in those situations.
- Defense in inferior endgames. Defense is not only about the king that 5. is threatened in a game, and it is not just about thinking of the king's safety. It is highly instructive and practical to apply defensive principles in endgames as well.
- Openings. Presentation of modern openings and typical defensive re-6. actions in the Italian, the Ruy Lopez and the Grunfeld Defense.

Finally, the book ends with 50 demanding exercises that should reenforce the knowledge you have gathered after a careful study of all examples.

We hope you will enjoy studying the presented material and successfully pro gress in this extremely demanding area of chess.

> GM Nikola Nestorović IM Dejan Nestorović

H. NIEMANN 2698 - C. ARAVINDH 2607

Sitges 2022

In the following game an interesting theoretical novelty in the early stage quickly brought the position to a boiling point. Niemann had to find an excellent plan to thwart the threats to his king.

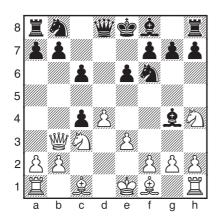
1.c4 c6 2.d4 d5 3.47f3 47f6 4.e3 **\$f5!?** The Semi-Slav Defense

5.∅**\c3 e6 6.**∅**\h4!** Before Black solves the problem of the lightsquared bishop, White correctly begins to disturb him. Black is obliged to show his intentions with the bishop.

6... g4!? One of the three equally viable possibilities, the choice is a matter of taste.

7. **b** 3 The development of the queen to b3 temporarily postpones the 'bishop's story' and creates a direct threat to capture the pawn on b7.

7...dxc4!?



New views on the position! Black has offered a pawn sacrifice on b7. How to react? In the database there is only one Van Forest game and it did not provide a complete answer about the correctness of the idea.

7... **b6!** It is considered mandatory to defend the pawn, wc7 is also possible.

8. wxb7! If the pawn is already attacked, and it remained undefended, then it is considered a matter of principle to see what the opponent has prepared.

8... bd7 Obligatory move.

9.h3 **h5** 10. **wxc6!** White finally captures the pawn. Apparently Black wants to take advantage of the fact that he has gained several tempi by attacking the queen and that the white king is not sure how to resolve the 'security issue'. In practical play, this should be a sufficient reason to get compensation.

10... 二 C8 11. 业 a4!? It is time to withdraw.

cause it takes away the possibility that Black immediately comes with a knight to d5.

11... 4 d5! Takes advantage of the

given opportunity and attacks the knight on h4. White also needs to think about controlling the b4-square from which threats can appear.

12.4 f3 is the best move.

12... 2xf3 By exchanging knights, it appears that short castling is no longer an option.

13.gxf3 & b4 14. & d2 0-0 15. & g2 Development of the piece, but also potentially depriving the king of the square. For now, the choice seems to be just a matter of taste.

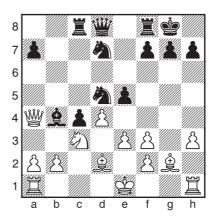
15. **e**2 Appears to be a good development. 15...f5! Maintains the knight



Hans Moke Niemann

and potentially threatens to advance in a favorable moment. Of course, everything depends on the choice of where White will take his king. 16. \$\displays f1! If an immediate castling was not possible, maybe an improvised one is? 16...♦\7b6 17.\\cong c2 \(\mathbb{Z}\cong c6\) 18.f4 (18.\(\angle\)xd5!? \(\angle\)xd5 19.\(\docum\)xb4 18... \(\dag{\pm} xc3 \) 19. \(\dag{\pm} xc3 \) \(\overline{\pm} c8 \) 20. \(\dag{\pm} f3 \) 公d6 21.曾g2! 豐h4 22.曾h2 And in both lines. White resolves the issue of his king's safety and thus obtains a slight advantage.

15...e5!?

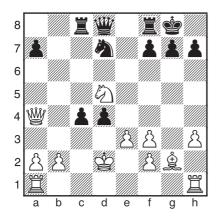


A critical moment in the game! Black decides to start the initiative in the direction of the white king with a piece sacrifice. Aravindh does not allow Niemann to arrange the pieces freely and complete the development.

15...♦ 7b6 16. ₩c2 f5 17.f4 &xc3 18. ≜xc3 Wh4 19. ⇔e2!±

16. (a) xd5! There is no doubt that the sacrifice must be accepted.

16... **≜** xd2+ 17. **⊈** xd2 exd4

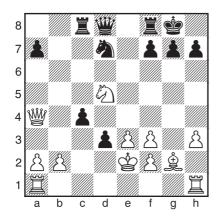


After a few mandatory moves Niemann must pay attention to the opponent's threats and make a defensive plan for this king.

18. ♠e2! Excellent reaction! The main threat is the advancement of the pawn with 6 c5. For now, Niemann decides that it is safest for the king to remain in the center.

18. **Zad1??** The development move is crumbling. 18... ac5!-+

18...d3+



Certainly the best.

18...*⊈*\c5? there is no square for the knight to jump to with a check - for example to e4. White has taken the material and at the same time repelled all direct threats.

19. 2d2! First to the right, then to the left. The king now has the role of a good blocker of Black's pawns. Endgame experts claim that everything is easy and that White easily wins.

19...♦ b6 20.♦ xb6 ₩xb6 21. ****a3!** The most precise continuation because the gueen takes control of all critical squares and pawns.

21. <u>Thb1!</u>? Certainly a possible continuation. 21... wg6 A good attempt to attack the bishop, the pawn on f2 with the centralization of the rooks can be dangerous.

a) 22.\(\boxed{\pmg}g1\)? This logical move is a serious mistake. 22... wf6! 23. wa3 A terrible blow that puts White in a very unpleasant situation. 26. wxc3! (26.bxc3?? \square xb1 ₩xf2+-+) 26... \(\tilde{\tilde{G}} fc8 \) 27. \(\tilde{W} d4! \) \(\tilde{W} g5! \) move that prevents White's defeat. (28.ዿh1? wa5+ 29.⇔d1 wxa2 ₩xg2=;

b) 22. \(\delta\h1!\) The only good move. 22... wh6 23. wa3 wh4 24. If1 罩b8 25. wc3+- Only when all the

white pieces reach optimal squares we can say that the threats have disappeared and that the material will be valued.

21... 25 22. 愛c3! The queen aims to come to c3, because that is the ideal square for her, both for attack and defense.

22.\(\mathbb{T}\)hc1 An excellent alternative. 22... 耳b5 23. 耳ab1 耳a5 24. 豐c3 to castle. 25... Za4 26. \$\display\$f1 Finally, the king is safe.

22... **三g5!** Only the threats by Black can keep the game alive.

23. \(\delta\)f1! For a certain time, the coordination of the pieces is interrupted because each one is occupied with a specific defensive task.

23...罩b8 24. \gb1!? Niemann chooses to play all the development moves before he opens the position with b3.

24.b3!? It could have been tried with the untying. 24...cxb3 25.\(\mathbb{Z}\)b1 b2 (25... \(\mathbb{Z}\)a5 26.\(\mathbb{W}\)xb3! \(\mathbb{Z}\)xa2+ 27. wxa2 wxb1 28.wxb1 互xb1 29. waited for the moment to get an important role in defense and winning the material.

24... 互**b5** A serious temptation for White.

25.b3! This is the only way to play for a win.

25. \$\displace{c}\$c1? A mistake that originates from the concept itself. If White decides not to open the position by inertia, the game can continue. But now it is a concrete mistake! 25... \wadaaaaa. 26. <u>□g1</u> The unique way for the rook to enter the game. 26...g6

a) 27.a3? And the pawn cannot be saved. 27... \(\mathbb{T}\)b3! 28.\(\mathbb{W}\)d4 \(\mathbb{W}\)a5! Threats are wel. Za3 and Black leads an overwhelming attack. (28... ≅xa3-+);

b) 27.\(\mathbb{q}4!\) \(\mathbb{w}\) xa2 Forced moves ¤xc8 30.₩xc8+ фg7 31.₩c4! The unique possibility not to lose the game. (31.f4 d2+!-+) 31...d2+! 32. \$\dagge\text{xd2} \widetilde{\pi}\text{xb1} 33. \widetilde{\pi}\text{xb3} \widetilde{\pi}\text{xf1} A queen endgame with equal chances arises.

25...₩a6!? Threat!

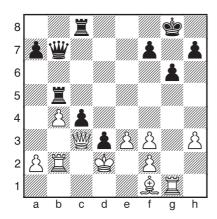
26. 罩b2 Defense!

26...g6 27. \(\)g1! Every free move is used to introduce the rook into the game.

27... 26. 28. b4 It seemed that the position would open up, however, White assesses well that Black's connected pawns are no threat to the white king. On the contrary! Black is trying to close the lock while White is trying to advance the pawns to divert Arayindh's attention.

28.a4!?

28...\#b7



Another threat.

29. 其q4! Excellent transition counter-attack.

29... wxf3 30. 互f4 Defense and counter-attack towards the capture of the c4 pawn.

30.\(\precent{\precent_xd3!?}\) The pawn on d3 could have been taken, but Niemann estimates that the black pawns are good for his 'king's health'. 30... wxf2+ 31. \$e2 a5 32.\(\mathbb{Z}\)xc4 \(\mathbb{Z}\)d5+ 33.\(\mathbb{C}\)c1 ₩g1+ 34. 2c2+- Here the king must think a little about advancing himself.

33. \(\dag{\pm}\) xd3! Everything is prepared, and the time of the final resolution is coming. It is very important that all the white pieces are actively involved.

33... 当g1 34. 全e2! There follow several moves that are related to controlling important squares from which the black pieces could create a threat.

34...罩**a1!** Threat!

35. 三xc4! The only way to create a shelter in view of the we1 threat.

35... **a**e1+ The best chance. 36. **a**d3 ₩xf2

a) 39.a5?? You can always make a mistake! When it seems that the end is near, special attention is necessary to remove the last threats. 39... wg3+ 40. c4 wc7+ 41. cd3 ₩g3+ 42.\$d2 ₩e1+ 43.\$d3 ₩g3+ 44. \$c4 Draw. (44. \$c2?? If you want to win at all costs, then defeat also becomes a realistic option. 44... \ C1+!-+);

b) 39. \$\displace{c}4!! The king must continue on his path to safety and that costs a few more pawns. 39... \(\maxrel{\pi}\) xa4+ \(\mathbb{E} e 2!?\) There are still technical problems but the main issues have been solved. (42.\(\mathbb{I}\)d2+-)

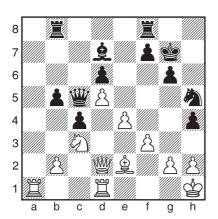
36. □ d4! The final arrangement of the pieces allows the king to reach the b3-square where he will finally find refuge.

36...¤e8

37. dd3! wxh3 38. dc2 wf5+ **39. \dish b3 a6** It is time to think about counterattacking on f7. \$\dose2c4\$ follows with further inclusion of the queen. It is time for resignation.

L. ARONIAN 2729 - M. VACHIER-LAGRAVE 2718

Zagreb blitz 2024

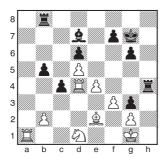


26... 公g3+!? Super interesting tactical blow that requires good calculation from both players.

27.hxg3 hxg3 28.\dd+\ddyd4+\ddyxd4 29. 買xd4 買h8+ 30.常g1 買h4 Critical position for which it was necessary to find the right remedy - defense against mate on the h-file.

31. dd1? Aronian chooses the wrong path and gets defeated in a very effective way.

31.57d1!



A unique way to ensure the white king's safe future. The idea is to sacrifice the knight on f2 and then Black can choose to take it or not? In any case, the white king remains alive and well! 31... 其bh8 32. 今f2 Now everything becomes absolutely unclear. More precisely, one can even talk about a slight advantage for White. Of course, now we are talking about purely strategic parameters. 32...\$\dot{\psi}f6 (32...gxf2+ 33.\dot{\psi}xf2\dot{\psi}) 33. \(\mathbb{Z}\) a7 \(\mathbb{L}\) e5 34. \(\mathbb{Z}\) d1 gxf2+ 35. \$\prime xf2 \quad d8 36.\prime e3! White could look to the future with much optimism.



Maxime Vachier-Lagrave

A. FIROUZJA 2744 - A. GIRI 2745

Zagreb Rapid 2024

Firouzja tested a new approach of playing in a typical Italian position. This game is a variation on the theme of knight sacrifice on g5.

1.e4 e5 2.4\(f3 \) \(\) c6 3.\(\) c4 \(\) f6 4. d3 &c5 5.c3 a5 6.0-0 d6 7.\alphae1 0 - 0

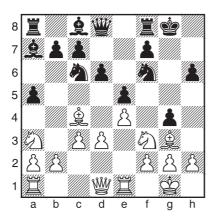
7...h6 Gukesh prefers h6!?

8. 2 a 5 A serious crossroads for White. The \(\preceq\$g5 continuation is gaining more and more supporters and is certainly becoming one of the key weapons in the fight for initiative.

8...h6 9. **4** g5! The aim is to limit the mobility of the dark-squared bishop.

10. 单g3 单a7 11. 公a3!? Aims to get to the f5- or d5- square via c2e3.

11...g4

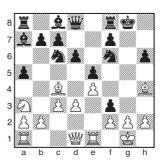


12. **4** h4! An incredible motif! Until recently this tactical motif was not even seen and now there are several variations on this theme. The idea is practically the same as when a knight is sacrificed on g5 to use the binding along the h4-d8 diagonal. Black benefited a bit because he was not obliged to give up the h-pawn which can certainly have practical significance.

12.∅h4!? In this position ७h4 was previously played 'without thinking' because what is more logical than the desire to jump to the f5-square? 12...**⊘**h5 13.**⊘**c2 **₩**g5∞ Practice shows that the positon is in the realm of uncertainty.

12... **g7** This is always a mandatory move. So far the idea has been verified in two high-level games.

12...gxf3



A small check of the correctness of the piece sacrifice. 13. wxf3 &g7

14. \(\mathbb{I}\) ad1! There is nothing concrete, so White aims to introduce the rooks by playing d4 and continue to create initiative that will cover the lack of a piece. 14...h5 Threatens \(\frac{1}{2}\)g4 and opens the 6th rank which can have significance for further developments. 15.h3 **豐e7** 16.公c2 **宣h8**

a) 17.4e3 &xe3 18. wg3+! (18.

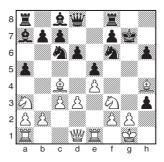
b) 17. wg3+ Precision! Must take away the possibility of the rook to come to h6 and significantly strengthening the defense. 17... \$\ddot\def 18.d4 **Ig8** 19. **Ig6** For defense it is of immeasurable importance that the rook appears in some version on the 6th rank. 20. \$\dot\dot\n1!? \$\dot\gq4!? If Black has no intention of just defending, motifs like \$g4 appear primarily due to the existence of the black h-pawn. (20... \$\dagger d7 A calmer version where Black accepts being under pressure. 21. (a) e3 \(\begin{aligned} \pm f8\infty \end{aligned} \) 21. hxg4 hxg4 22.∰f5 \(\mathbb{I}\)h8 23.g3 \(\dot{\phi}\)g7 a pure counter-attack. Black does everything to neutralize the opponent's initiative and turn the character of the position. 25.gxh4 \(\psi f8!\) A strong threat of 2e7 with trapping the queen appears. White is now obliged to make energetic decisions and accept sacrifices. 26.h5! 2e7 27. © e3! A position has arisen with extremely rich content where any result is possible.

13.h3! White insists that the opponent accept the knight sacrifice. In two previously played games White tried to gain advantage with moves 5 b5 and 5 d2. So far - unsuccessfully. Firouzja is on the move with a new idea.

13.∅b5 **\$**b6 14.d4 gxf3 15.**₩**xf3 ₩e7 16.₩g3+ �h7 17.₩f3 And a draw by repetition, as in S. Sevian 2698 - L. Dominguez Perez 2745, USA 2023.

13...gxf3! If he must capture something why not the knight? Giri is on the right path.

13...gxh3!?

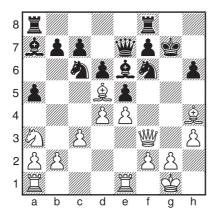


A possibility that will certainly be investigated. 14.4b5 \$\ddots b6\$ 15.d4 hxg2 16. \(\mathbb{Z}\)e3! The advance of the d-pawn allows the rook to quickly get involved in the game on the 3rd rank. 16... we8 Mandatory untying. 17. 4 h2! The path to the g3square is open. There is no doubt that complications with chances for both sides will follow.

continues with the desire to strengthen the pressure in the center.

15. wg3+ White has the option to draw at any moment which is certainly not a negligible factor when thinking about piece sacrifice. 15... \$h7 16.\\#f3=

15...\@e7 16.d4!

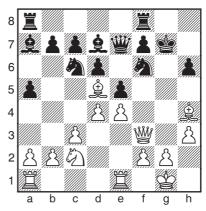


Creates pressure on the e5-pawn. The threat is \$\dose26\$ c6 with de5 and after ₩g3 the pawn falls.

somewhat passive option.

16...exd4! The best reaction which is not easy to choose. This is a very difficult calculation. 17. \(\preceq\) xc6 bxc6 18.e5! A motif that creates confusion. in the defense of the black position. (18.\psig3+=) 18...dxe5 19.\price2xe5 囯fd8! 20.囯ae1 d3! 21.今c4 d2 22.\(\pi\d1\) \(\pi\d5\) 23.\(\pi\xd2\) \(\pi\ad8\) 24. obtains a sufficient counterplay. Definitely both sides have reasons to be satisfied.

17.திc2



The knight is hurriedly approaching the scene of the battle.

17... 🖒 xd5!! A phenomenal defensive motif - transformation and untying.

18. **營g3+**

18. \(\preceq\) xe7? \(\preceq\) dxe7 19. \(\preceq\) e3 f5! Black gains a clear advantage. The character of the battle has changed. Now Black is aiming for initiative, three minor pieces are far better than a queen.

18...∲h7 19.exd5! The correct choice. It is not time to think about taking the queen.

19. ≜xe7 Ødxe7 20. \angle ad1 f5∓

formation has brought a completely different type of position, as both sides are striving for initiative. The g-file can play into Black's hands and there is no sign of an attack on the black king or material advantage. Active white pieces guarantee an uncertain duel in the further course of the game.

21.dxe5 dxe5 22.4\(\)d4! \(\)\(\)d7 23. **৺d3+ �h8 24.ঐf5 ₩h7 25.g4!** Energetic play is mandatory, otherwise Black can take the initiative.

25...h5 26. \(\mathbb{Z}\) ad1 \(\mathbb{L}\) e6 27. \(\mathbb{L}\) g2! **"g6 28.f3** ∞ Real complications are over and a resolution where chances are equal is visible.

28...\$h7 29.\degree e4 \&b6

29... \alpha ad8 30.b3∞

hxg4 wxe4 Exchange of queens has brought an endgame with absolutely equal chances.

35.c5 \(\preceq\$a7 36.b3 f5! 37.gxf5+ \(\psi xf5 38. \psi f2 \psi e6 39. \psi q3 \psi f5? \) There is no reason for the king to be so exposed.

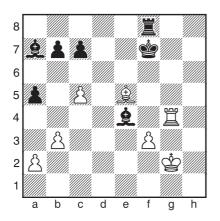
39...≌e8=

40. 口 By seizing the important file White obtains a clear advantage.

40...**≜**f7 41.**\mathbb{!}**h7 **\dagger g6** 42.**\mathbb{!}**h4± **≜d5?**

42....**☆**f5±

43.\(\mathbb{I}\)g4+± \(\delta\)f7 44.\(\delta\)xe5 \(\delta\)xe4



45. ☐f4+! Firouzja uses just one moment of the opponent's wandering to transition to a bishop endgame where everything will be a matter of technique.

<u>\$xc5</u> 48.<u>\$xc7+-</u> A flawless conversion of material and positional advantage follows.

48...a4 49.bxa4 \$\div e7 50.\$\div f3 \$\div d7\$ 51. \$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{}}}}}\$ d \$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{}}}}\$ e6 52. \$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{}}}}\$ e2 \$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{\$\dot{}}}\$ d7 53. **≜d8** 56.**≜d4 ≜c7** 57.**≜c3** b6 ቋe2 ቋd7 61. ቁf3 ቁe6 62. ዿe3 åd8 63. åf4 åd7 64. åg4 åe6 65. g3 ge7 66. gc7 gc5 67.a5 bxa5 68. \$\dot xa5 \ddot a3 69. \$\ddot c3 \ddot d6 70.a4 \$\dagger{\phi}\$d7 71.\$\dagger{\phi}\$f5 \$\dagger{\phi}\$c6 72.\$\dagger{\phi}\$e5

72.e5?? \(\pm\)xe5=

72... \$\ddots b4 73. \$\ddots d4 \$\ddots d6 74. \$\ddots e3\$ **\$\dots\$b7 75.\delta\$f4 \delta\$b4 76.e5**

The idea is patented!

1:0

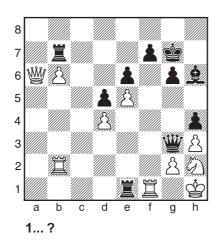
Conclusion: I am sure that the elaboration of this and similar types of positions will come very soon. Giri brilliantly set up the defense, found a series of wonderful solutions and came out of the complications with an equal position. Unfortunately, he was led to defeat by poor play in other phases of the game.

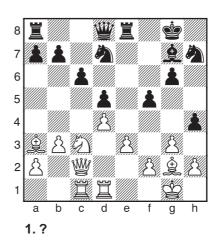
21. V. Ivic 2582 -F. Meissner 2362

Belgrade 2021

23. L. Pantsulaia 2567 -Z. Kozul 2617

European Team Championship Reykjavik 2015



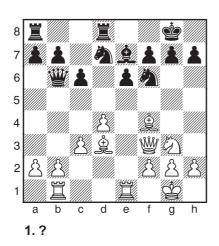


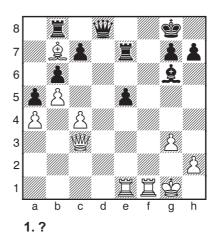
22. M. Kyrychenko 1739 -J. Helmer 1575

European Championship U10 Budva 2013

24. S. Atalik 2572 -D. Nestorovic 2387

Veliko Gradiste 2016

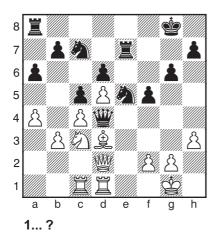


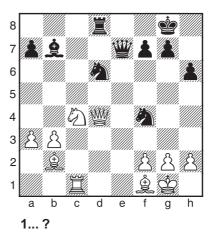


P. Wenninger 2347 -**25**. A. Audi 2219

Pardubice 2017

27. V. Plat 2562 -T. Vanczak 2350 Budapest 2020





M. Manko 2159 -**26**. W. Zabrzanska 1999

European Youth Championship Prague 2024



European Club Cup Kazan 1997

